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$$nA = 360$$

The measure A , in degrees, of an exterior angle of a regular polygon is related to the number of sides, n , of the polygon by the formula above. If the measure of an exterior angle of a regular polygon is greater than 50° what is the greatest number of sides it can have?

A) 5

B) 6

C) 7

D) 8

$$n = \frac{360}{A} \rightarrow \frac{360}{50} = 7.2 \downarrow$$

measure
of
ext \angle
in a regular
polygon

$$A = \frac{360}{n}$$

$$\frac{72 = 360}{360 \downarrow = 5} \quad n = 5$$

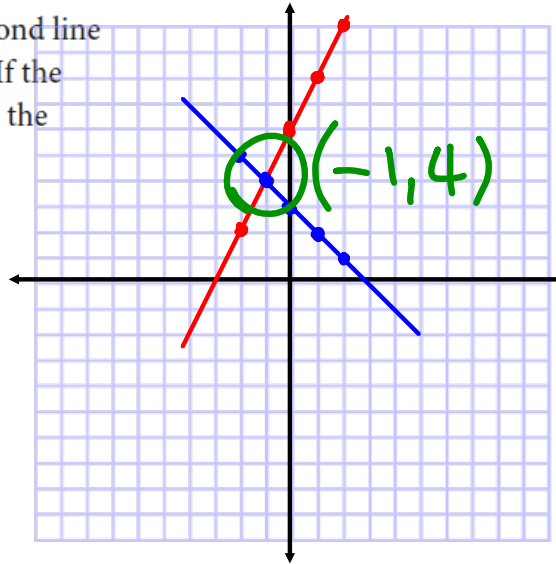
1) If the measure of an exterior angle of a regular polygon is 72 degrees, how many sides does it have?

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The graph of a line in the xy -plane has slope 2 and contains the point $(1, 8)$. The graph of a second line passes through the points $(1, 2)$ and $(2, 1)$. If the two lines intersect at the point (a, b) , what is the value of $a + b$?

- A) 4
 B) 3
 C) -1
 D) -4

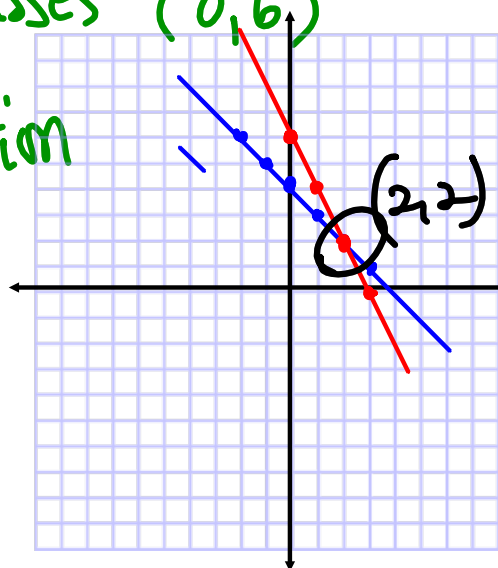
$$-1 + 4 = 3$$



l : passes $(3, 1)$ & $(1, 3)$

m : slope of -2 & passes $(0, 6)$

Find the intersection



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Which of the following equations has a graph in the xy -plane for which y is always greater than or equal to -1 ?

- A) $y = |x| - 2$
- B) $y = x^2 - 2$
- C) $y = (x - 2)^2$
- D) $y = x^3 - 2$

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Which of the following complex numbers is

equivalent to $\frac{3-5i}{8+2i}$? (Note: $i = \sqrt{-1}$) $i^2 = -1$

A) $\frac{3}{8} - \frac{5i}{2}$

B) $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{5i}{2}$

C) $\frac{7}{34} - \frac{23i}{34}$

D) $\frac{7}{34} + \frac{23i}{34}$

$$\frac{(3-5i)(8-2i)}{(8+2i)(8-2i)} = \frac{24-6i-40i+10i^2}{64-\cancel{16i}+\cancel{16i}-4i^2}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 46i - 10}{64 + 4}$$

$$= \frac{14 - 46i}{68}$$

$$\frac{7}{34} - \frac{23i}{34} = \frac{14}{68} - \frac{46i}{68}$$