

$$26. f(t) = t^4 - 5t$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(a+h)^4 - 5(a+h) - (a^4 - 5a)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^4 + 4a^3h + 6a^2h^2 + 4ah^3 + h^4 - 5a - 5h - a^4 + 5a}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 4a^3 + 6a^2h + 4ah^2 + h^3 - 5 = \boxed{4a^3 - 5}$$

$$28. f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 2}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(x+h)^2 + 1}{(x+h) - 2} - \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 2} \right) (x+h-2)(x-2)$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 + 2xh + h^2 + 1 \quad (h) (x+h-2)(x-2)$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 + 1 (x-2) - (x^2 + 1)(x+h-2)}{h(x+h-2)(x-2)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 2xh + xh^2 + x - 2x^2 - 4xh - 2h^2 - 2 - x^2 - x^2h + x^2 - x}{h(x+h-2)(x-2)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + xh - 4x - 2h - 1}{(x+h-2)(x-2)} = \frac{x^2 - 4x - 1}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$32. \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[4]{16+h} - 2}{h}$$

$\uparrow ?$
 $\sqrt[4]{16}$ ✓

$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x}$
 $a = 16$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$34. \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/4} \frac{\tan x - 1}{x - \pi/4}$$

$$f(x) = \tan x$$

$$a = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$36. \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t^4 + t - 2}{t - 1}$$

$$f(t) = t^4 + t$$

$$a = 1$$