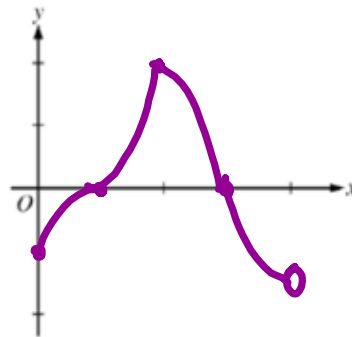


8.

$x$	0	$0 < x < 1$	1	$1 < x < 2$	2	$2 < x < 3$	3	$3 < x < 4$
$f(x)$	-1	Negative	0	Positive	2	Positive	0	Negative
$f'(x)$	4	Positive	0	Positive	DNE	Negative	-3	Negative
$f''(x)$	-2	Negative	0	Positive	DNE	Negative	0	Positive

Let  $f$  be a function that is continuous on the interval  $[0, 4)$ . The function  $f$  is twice differentiable except at  $x = 2$ . The function  $f$  and its derivatives have the properties indicated in the table above, where DNE indicates that the derivatives of  $f$  do not exist at  $x = 2$ .

- (a) For  $0 < x < 4$ , find all values of  $x$  at which  $f$  has a relative extremum. Determine whether  $f$  has a relative maximum or a relative minimum at each of these values. Justify your answer.
- (b) On the axes provided, sketch the graph of a function that has all the characteristics of  $f$ .  
(Note: Use the axes provided in the pink test booklet.)



a) rel max  
 $x=2$   
 b/c  $f' \downarrow \rightarrow -$

9. Consider the curve given by  $y^2 = 2 + xy$

(a) Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{2y-x}$

(b) Find all points  $(x, y)$  on the curve where the line tangent to the curve has a slope  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

(c) Show that there are no points  $(x, y)$  on the curve where the line tangent to the curve is horizontal.

(d) Let  $x$  and  $y$  be functions of time  $t$  that are related by the equation  $y^2 = 2 + xy$ . At time  $t = 5$ , the value of  $y$  is 3 and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 6$ . Find the value of  $\frac{dx}{dt}$  at time  $t = 5$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } 2yy' &= y + xy' & y' &= \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{2y-x} \\ 2yy' - xy' &= y \\ y'(2y-x) &= y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{y}{2y-x} & y^2 &= 2 + xy \Big|_{x=0} \\ 2y &= 2y - x & y^2 &= 2 \\ x &= 0 & y &= \pm\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$(0, \sqrt{2}), (0, -\sqrt{2})$$

$$\text{c) hor.} \rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 = \frac{y}{2y-x} \rightarrow y = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= 2 + xy \Big|_{y=0} & 0 &= 2 + x(0) \\ & & x &= \{ \} \end{aligned}$$

So, there is no pt w/ hor. tangent.

12. The position of a particle moving on the  $x$ -axis at time  $t > 0$  seconds is:  $x(t) = e^t - \sqrt{t}$  feet.

- (a) Find the average velocity of the particle over the interval  $1 \leq t \leq 3$ .
- (b) In what direction and how fast is the particle moving at  $t = 1$  seconds?
- (c) When is the particle moving to the right?
- (d) Find the position of the particle when its velocity is zero.

ARC  
 Slope

$$a) \frac{x(3) - x(1)}{3 - 1} = 8.318 \text{ ft/sec}$$

NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL RADIAN MP	
$Y_1(3)$	18.35348612
$\frac{Y_1(3) - Y_1(1)}{3 - 1}$	8.317602144

$$d) \quad y^2 = 2 + xy$$

$$y = 3 \quad t = 5$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 6$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = ?$$

$$3^2 = 2 + x(3)$$

$$7 = 3x$$

$$\frac{7}{3} = x$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt} y + x \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$2(3)(6) = \frac{dx}{dt}(3) + \frac{7}{3}(6)$$

$$36 = 3 \frac{dx}{dt} + 14$$

$$\frac{22}{3} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

